WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. For use in a wireless communication system, an
- 2 integrated circuit comprising:
- a set of integrated circuit capacitors each
- 4 independently capable of being selectively switched into
- 5 or out of an inductive-capacitive resonant circuit; and
- a capacitance selection controller receiving a
- 7 signal representative of a difference between a resonant
- 8 frequency of the inductive-capacitive resonant circuit
- 9 and a reference frequency,
- 10 wherein the capacitance selection controller
- 11 controls switching of one or more of the integrated
- 12 circuit capacitors into or out of the inductive-
- 13 capacitive resonant circuit in response to the difference
- 14 between the resonant and reference frequencies to alter
- 15 the resonant frequency towards the reference frequency.

- 1 2. The integrated circuit according to claim 1,
- 2 wherein the inductive-capacitive resonant circuit further
- 3 comprises:
- 4 at least one inductor; and
- 5 one of:
- at least one of the integrated circuit
- 7 capacitors within the set, or
- at least one capacitor which cannot be selectively
- 9 switched into or out of the inductive-capacitive resonant
- 10 circuit, alone or with any combination of the integrated
- 11 circuit capacitors within the set.
- 1 3. The integrated circuit according to claim 1,
- 2 wherein the set of integrated circuit capacitors further
- 3 comprises:
- a sequence of varying capacitances each equal to a
- 5 multiple of an adjacent capacitance within the sequence,
- 6 wherein the sequence is scaled from a capacitance
- 7 corresponding to a maximum frequency adjustment, a
- 8 capacitance corresponding to a minimum frequency
- 9 adjustment, or both.

- 1 4. The integrated circuit according to claim 3,
- 2 wherein the set of integrated circuit capacitors includes
- 3 n parallel branches and integrated circuit capacitors
- 4 within the set are switched into or out of the inductive-
- 5 capacitive resonant circuit by an n bit binary count of
- 6 pulses representative of the difference between the
- 7 resonant and reference frequencies.
- 1 5. The integrated circuit according to claim 1,
- 2 wherein the set of integrated circuit capacitors are
- 3 disposed within an oscillator stage for an integrated
- 4 circuit tuner, the integrated circuit tuner further
- 5 comprising:
- a counterpart set of integrated circuit
- 7 capacitors each independently capable of being
- 8 selectively switched into or out of an inductive-
- 9 capacitive resonant circuit within an amplifier stage for
- 10 the integrated circuit tuner, wherein the capacitance
- 11 selection controller concurrently switches into or out of
- 12 the inductive-capacitive resonant circuit within the
- 13 amplifier stage any of the counterpart integrated circuit
- 14 capacitors which correspond to the one or more integrated
- 15 circuit capacitors switched into or out of the inductive-
- 16 capacitive resonant circuit within the oscillator stage.

- 1 6. The integrated circuit according to claim 1,
- 2 wherein the set of integrated circuit capacitors are
- 3 disposed within an oscillator for an integrated circuit
- 4 tuner, the integrated circuit tuner further comprising:
- a frequency divider within a feedback loop from
- 6 the oscillator to a phase detector receiving the
- 7 reference frequency and generating the signal
- 8 representative of the difference between the resonant and
- 9 reference frequencies.
- 1 7. The integrated circuit according to claim 1,
- 2 wherein the set of integrated circuit capacitors are
- 3 arranged in parallel branches each including a series-
- 4 connected capacitor pair and a low impedance switch
- 5 coupling a respective branch to a virtual ground.

- 1 8. For use in a wireless communication system, a
- 2 receiver comprising:
- a connection for selectively coupling the
- 4 receiver to an antenna receiving wireless signals; and
- an integrated circuit tuner coupled to the
- 6 connection, the integrated circuit tuner comprising:
- a set of integrated circuit capacitors
- 8 each independently capable of being selectively
- 9 switched into or out of an inductive-capacitive
- 10 resonant circuit; and
- 11 a capacitance selection controller
- 12 receiving a signal representative of a difference
- between a resonant frequency of the inductive-
- 14 capacitive resonant circuit and a reference
- 15 frequency,
- 16 wherein the capacitance selection
- controller controls switching of one or more of the
- integrated circuit capacitors into or out of the
- 19 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit in response to
- the difference between the resonant and reference
- 21 frequencies to alter the resonant frequency towards
- the reference frequency.

- 1 9. The receiver according to claim 8, wherein the
- 2 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit further comprises:
- at least one inductor; and
- 4 one of:
- 5 at least one of the integrated circuit capacitors
- 6 within the set, or
- 7 at least one capacitor which cannot be selectively
- 8 switched into or out of the inductive-capacitive resonant
- 9 circuit, alone or with any combination of the integrated
- 10 circuit capacitors within the set.
- 1 10. The receiver according to claim 8, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors further comprises:
- a sequence of varying capacitances each equal to a
- 4 multiple of an adjacent capacitance within the sequence,
- 5 wherein the sequence is scaled from a capacitance
- 6 corresponding to a maximum frequency adjustment, a
- 7 capacitance corresponding to a minimum frequency
- 8 adjustment, or both.

- 1 11. The receiver according to claim 10, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors includes n parallel
- 3 branches and integrated circuit capacitors within the set
- 4 are switched into or out of the inductive-capacitive
- 5 resonant circuit by an n bit binary count of pulses
- 6 representative of the difference between the resonant and
- 7 reference frequencies.
- 1 12. The receiver according to claim 8, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors are disposed within
- 3 an oscillator stage for the integrated circuit tuner, the
- 4 integrated circuit tuner further comprising:
- 5 a counterpart set of integrated circuit capacitors
- 6 each independently capable of being selectively switched
- 7 into or out of an inductive-capacitive resonant circuit
- 8 within an amplifier stage for the integrated circuit
- 9 tuner, wherein the capacitance selection controller
- 10 concurrently switches into or out of the inductive-
- 11 capacitive resonant circuit within the amplifier stage
- 12 any of the counterpart integrated circuit capacitors
- 13 which correspond to the one or more integrated circuit
- 14 capacitors switched into or out of the inductive-
- 15 capacitive resonant circuit within the oscillator stage.

- 1 13. The receiver according to claim 8, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors are disposed within
- 3 an oscillator for the integrated circuit tuner, the
- 4 integrated circuit tuner further comprising:
- a frequency divider within a feedback loop from
- 6 the oscillator to a phase detector receiving the
- 7 reference frequency and generating the signal
- 8 representative of the difference between the resonant and
- 9 reference frequencies.
- 1 14. The receiver according to claim 8, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors are arranged in
- 3 parallel branches each including a series-connected
- 4 capacitor pair and a low impedance switch coupling a
- 5 respective branch to a virtual ground.

- 1 15. For use in a wireless communication system, a
- 2 method of tuning a receiver comprising:
- 3 receiving a signal representative of a
- 4 difference between a resonant frequency of an inductive-
- 5 capacitive resonant circuit and a reference frequency;
- 6 and
- 7 in response to a difference between the
- 8 resonant and reference frequencies, selectively switching
- 9 one or more integrated circuit capacitors from a set of
- 10 integrated circuit capacitors, each independently capable
- 11 of being selectively switched into or out of the
- 12 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit, into or out of the
- 13 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit to alter the
- 14 resonant frequency towards the reference frequency.

- 1 16. The method according to claim 15, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 exciting at least one inductor within the inductive-
- 4 capacitive resonant circuit together with one of:
- all of the integrated circuit capacitors within the
- 6 set which are switched into the inductive-capacitive
- 7 resonant circuit, or
- at least one capacitor which cannot be selectively
- 9 switched into or out of the inductive-capacitive resonant
- 10 circuit, alone or with all of the integrated circuit
- 11 capacitors within the set which are switched into the
- 12 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit.

- 1 17. The method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 step of selectively switching one or more integrated
- 3 circuit capacitors from a set of integrated circuit
- 4 capacitors into or out of the inductive-capacitive
- 5 resonant circuit to alter the resonant frequency towards
- 6 the reference frequency further comprises:
- 7 switching selected capacitors providing, in
- 8 combination, a desired capacitance from a sequence of
- 9 varying capacitances each equal to a multiple of an
- 10 adjacent capacitance within the sequence, wherein the
- 11 sequence is scaled from a capacitance corresponding to a
- 12 maximum frequency adjustment, a capacitance corresponding
- 13 to a minimum frequency adjustment, or both.

- 1 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors includes n parallel
- 3 branches and the step of selectively switching one or
- 4 more integrated circuit capacitors from a set of
- 5 integrated circuit capacitors into or out of the
- 6 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit to alter the
- 7 resonant frequency towards the reference frequency
- 8 further comprises:
- 9 switching integrated circuit capacitors within
- 10 the set into or out of the inductive-capacitive resonant
- 11 circuit by an n bit binary count of pulses representative
- 12 of the difference between the resonant and reference
- 13 frequencies.

- 1 19. The method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors are disposed within
- 3 an oscillator stage for an integrated circuit tuner, the
- 4 method further comprising:
- 5 in response to the difference between the resonant
- 6 and reference frequencies, concurrently switching into or
- 7 out of an inductive-capacitive resonant circuit within an
- 8 amplifier stage for the integrated circuit tuner any
- 9 integrated circuit capacitors from a counterpart set of
- 10 integrated circuit capacitors, each independently capable
- 11 of being selectively switched into or out of the
- 12 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit within the
- 13 amplifier stage, which correspond to the one or more
- 14 integrated circuit capacitors switched into or out of the
- 15 inductive-capacitive resonant circuit within the
- 16 oscillator stage.

- 1 20. The method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 set of integrated circuit capacitors are disposed within
- 3 an oscillator for an integrated circuit tuner, the method
- 4 further comprising:
- 5 receiving the reference frequency;
- dividing an output frequency of the oscillator;
- 7 and
- 8 generating the signal representative of the
- 9 difference between the resonant and reference frequencies
- 10 from the reference frequency and the divided output
- 11 frequency of the oscillator.